

Recent Evapotranspiration Research Activities in Puerto Rico

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Some Recent ET Reserch Projects

1. Climate parameter estimation procedure for PR
2. ET measurement station
3. ET crop coefficients for two bean varieties
4. ET under climate change conditions
4. Water and energy balance algorithm for PR
5. Irrigation Scheduling tools
 - a. PRET
 - b. Spreadsheet water balance
 - c. Satellite/Radar approach

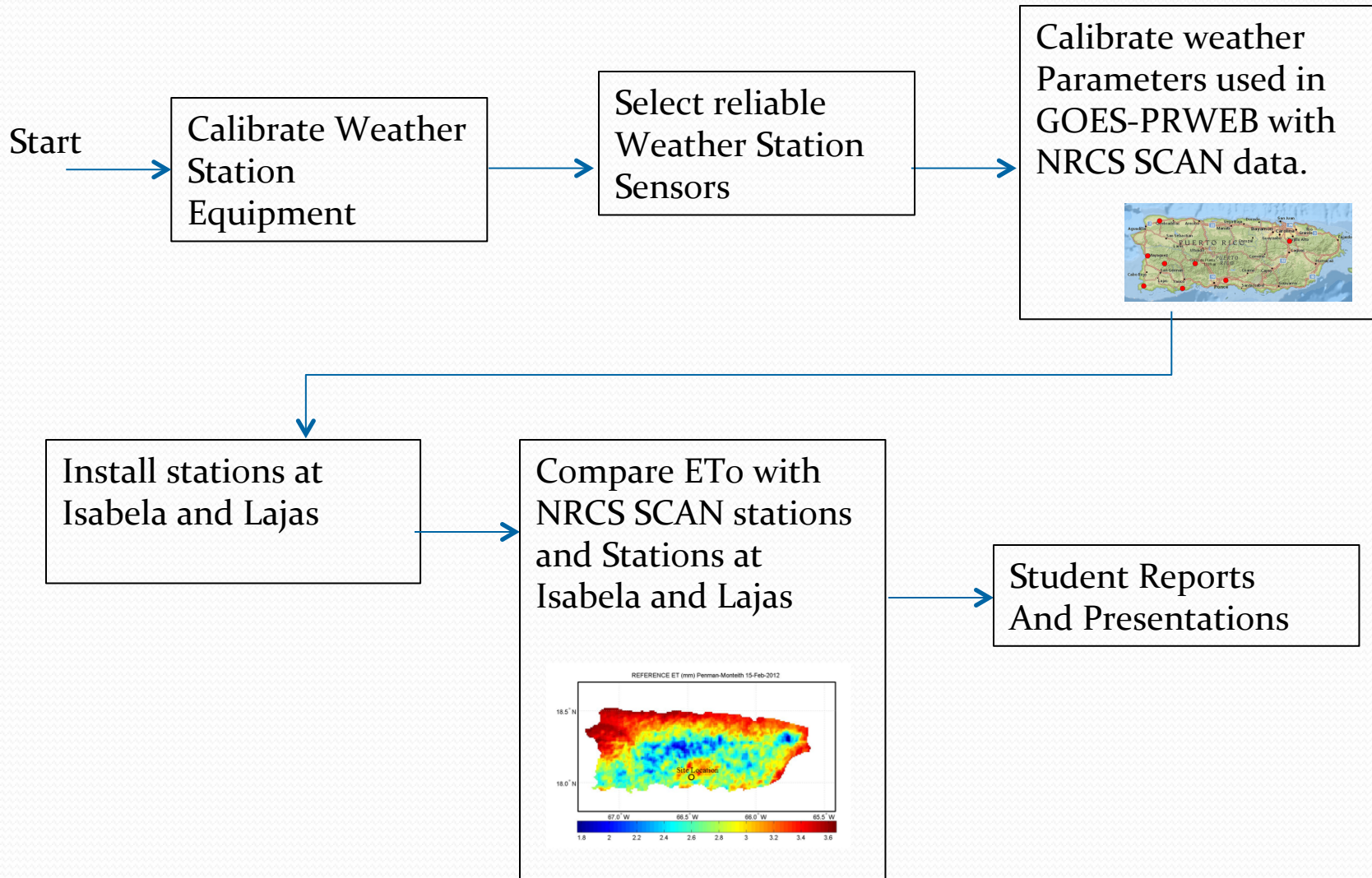
<http://pragwater.com>

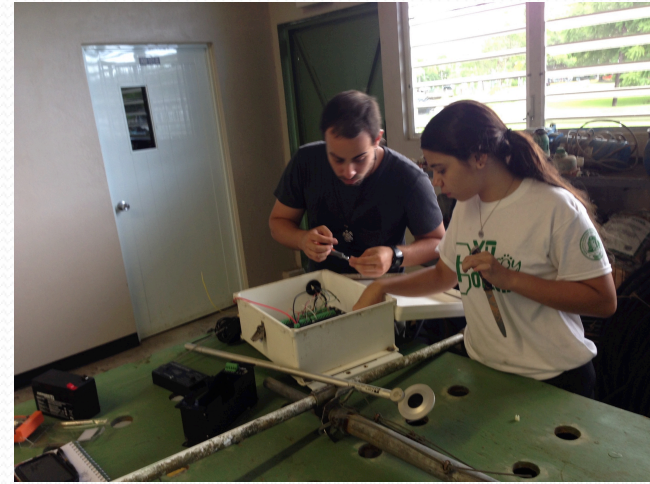
CALIBRATION GOES-PRWEB REFERENCE EVAPOTRANSPIRATION

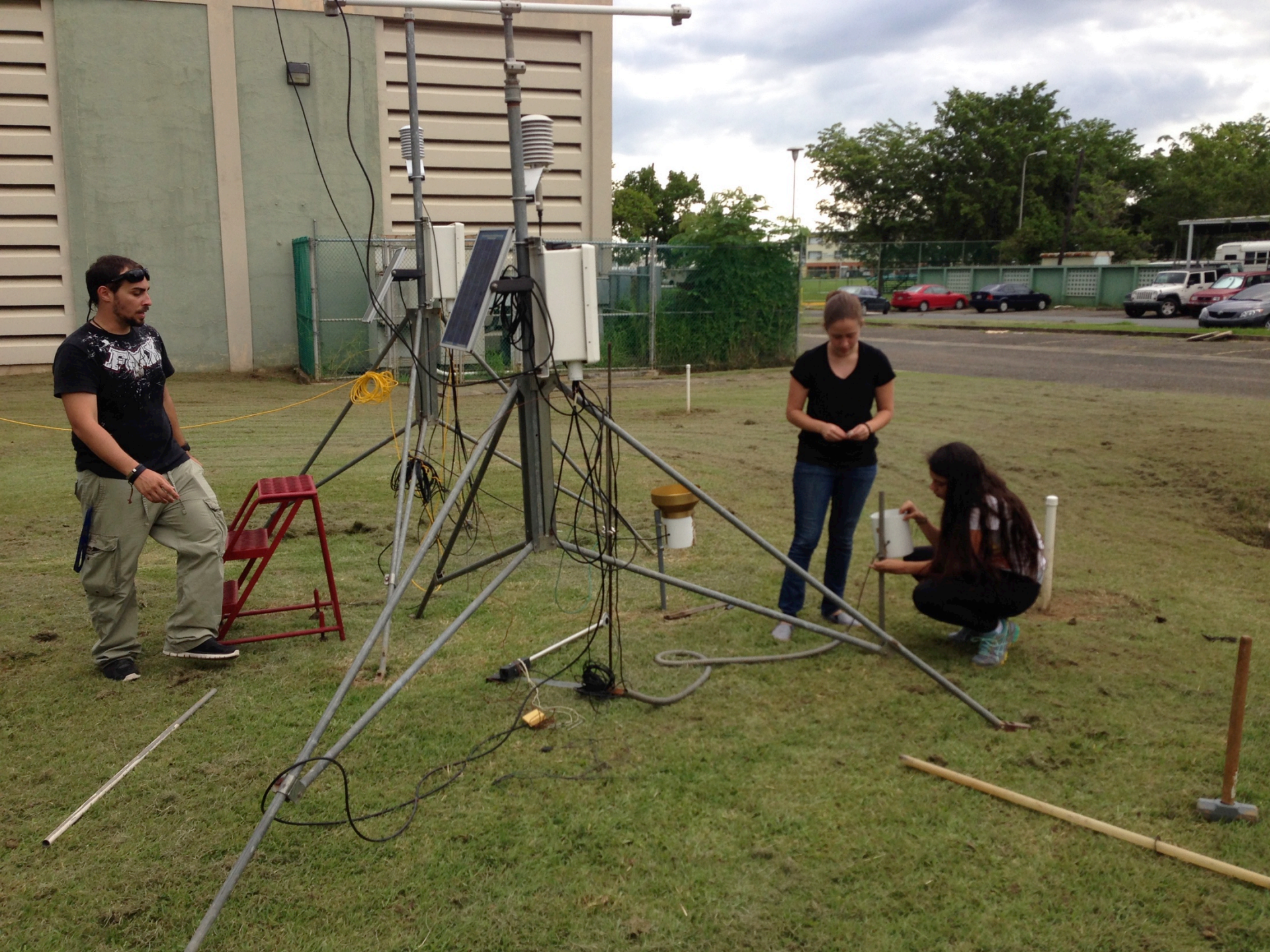


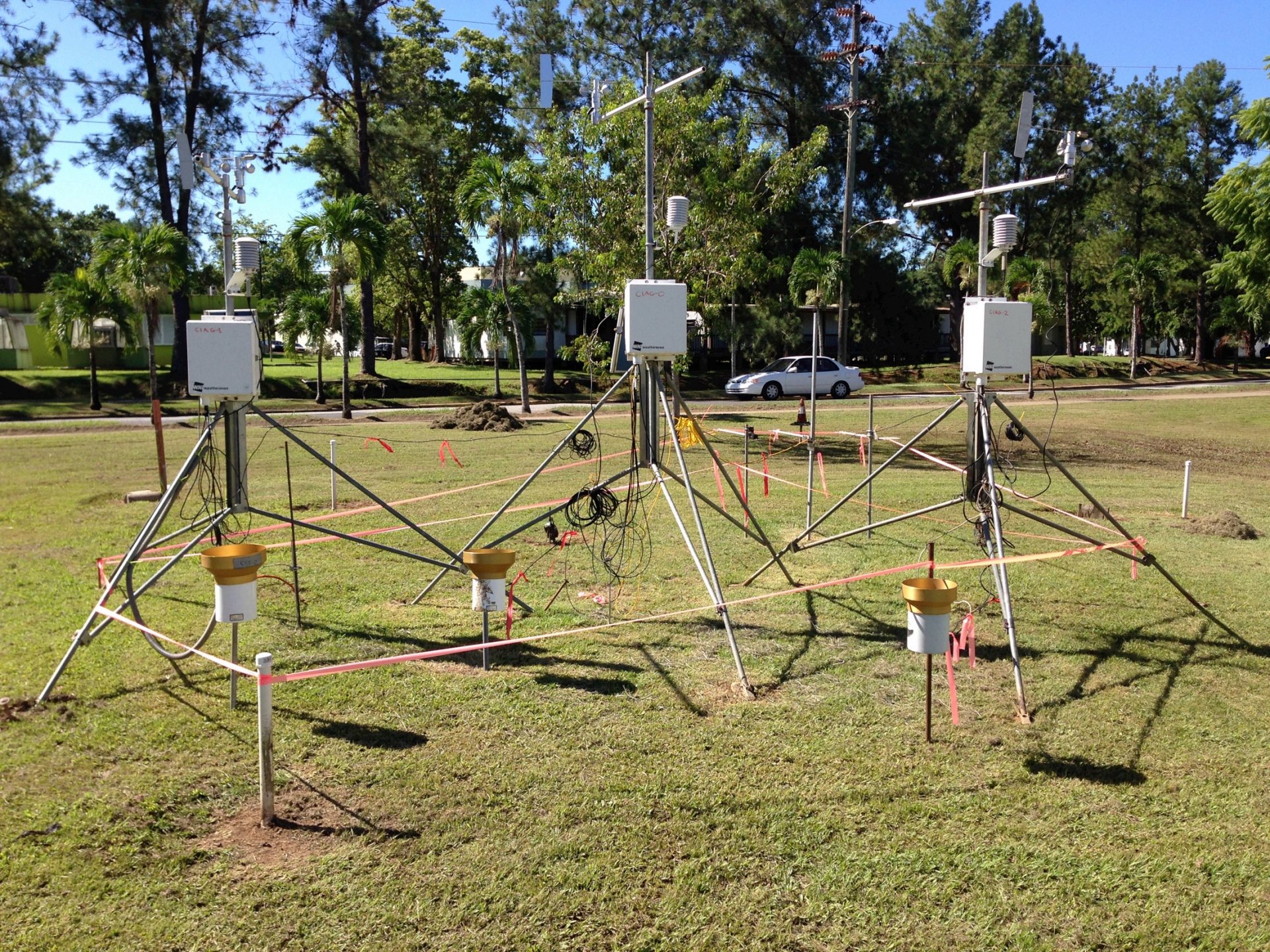
CIAG 4999

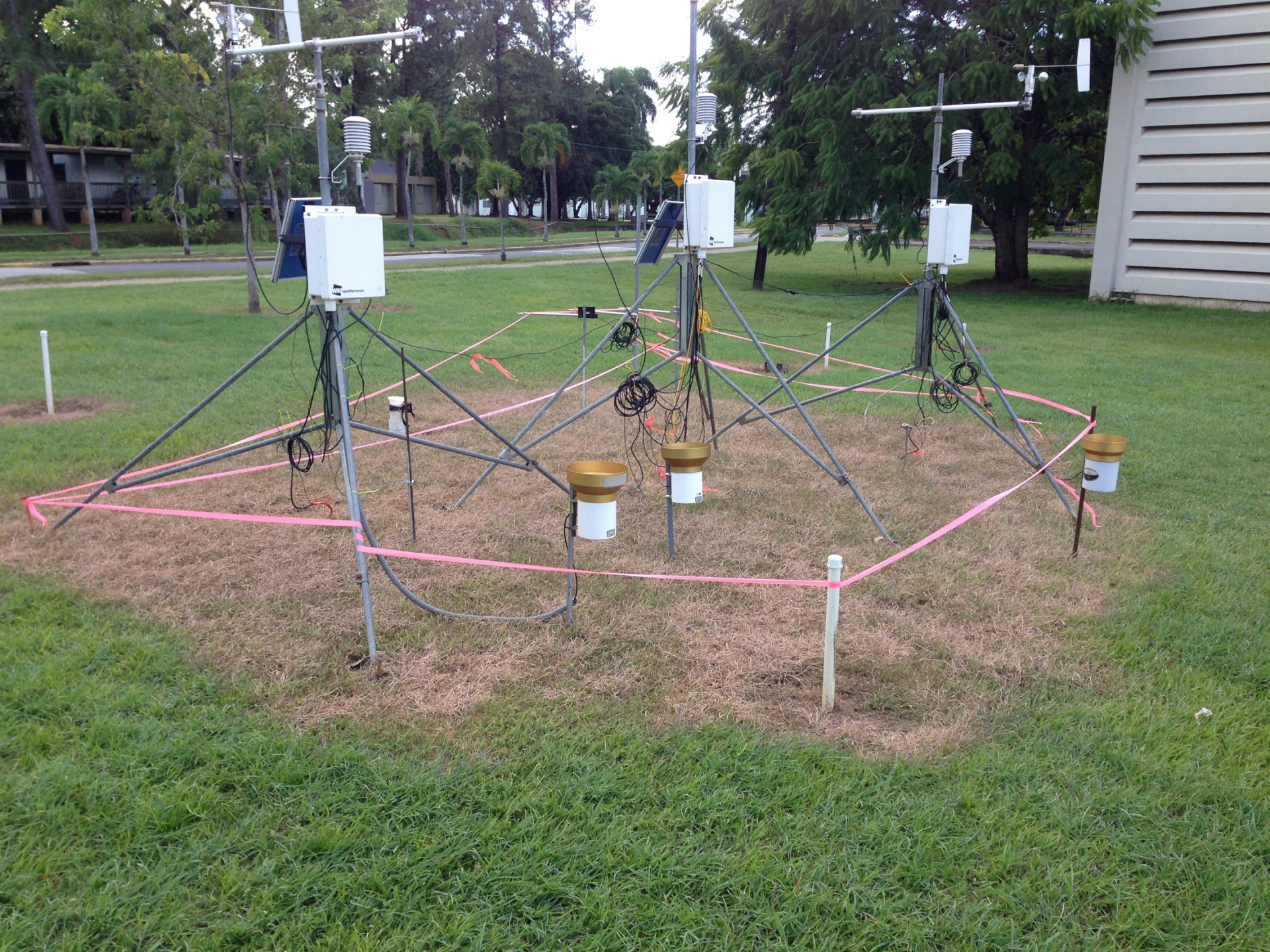
UNDERGRADUATE RESEARCH COURSE

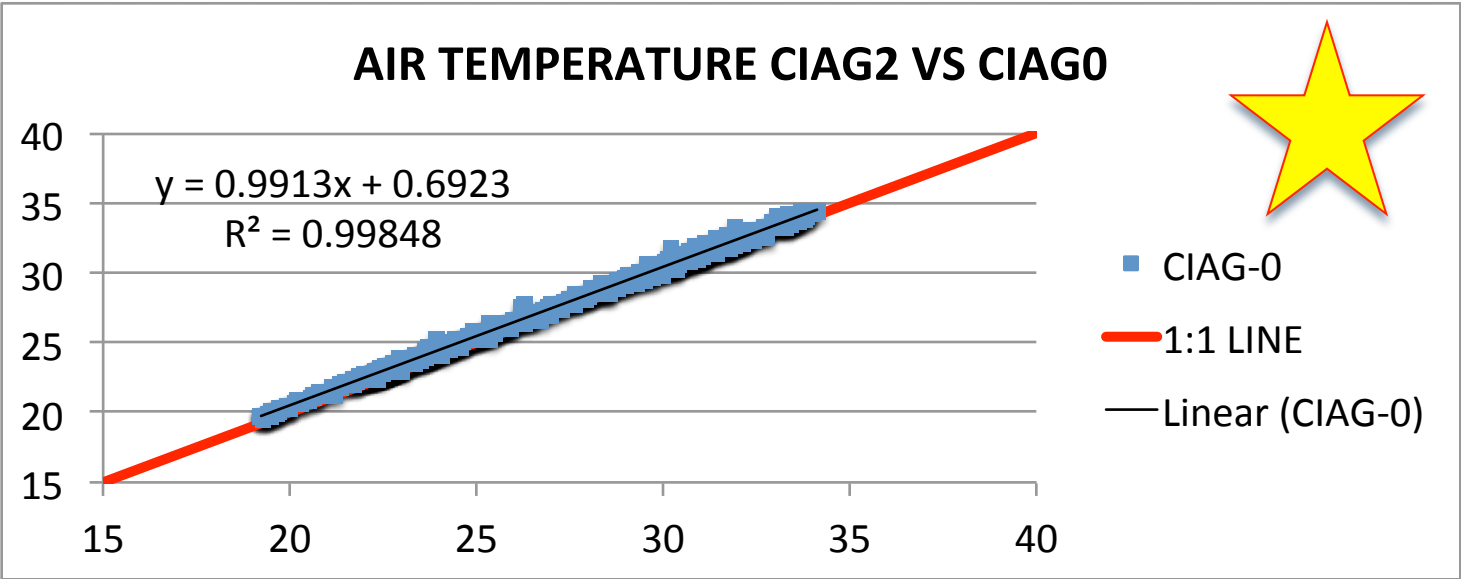
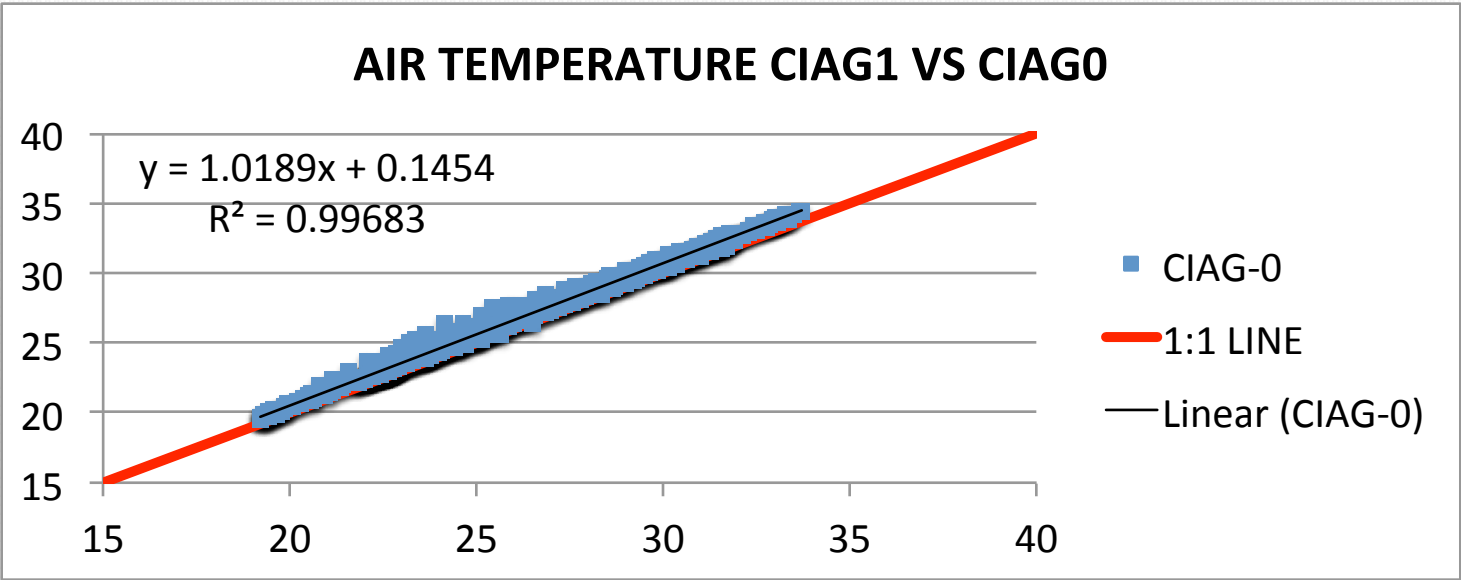




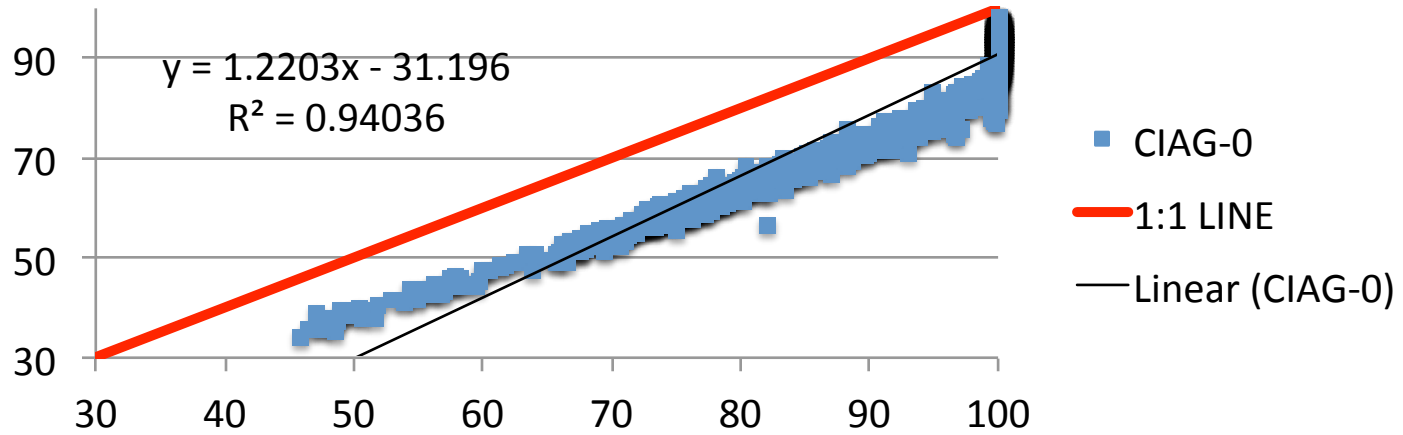




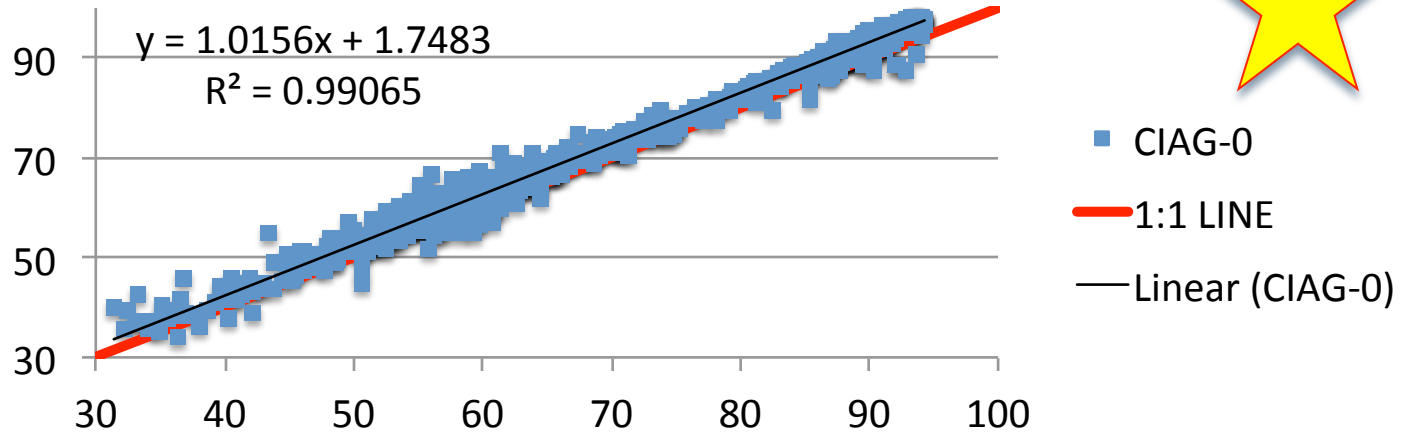


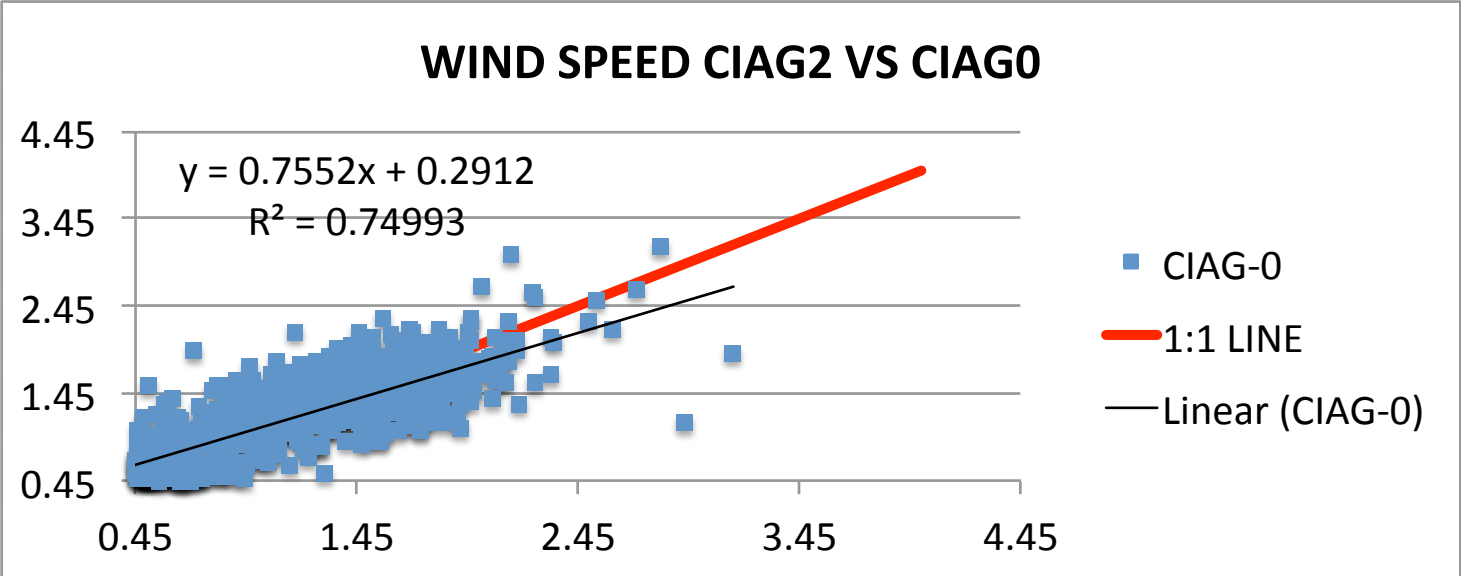
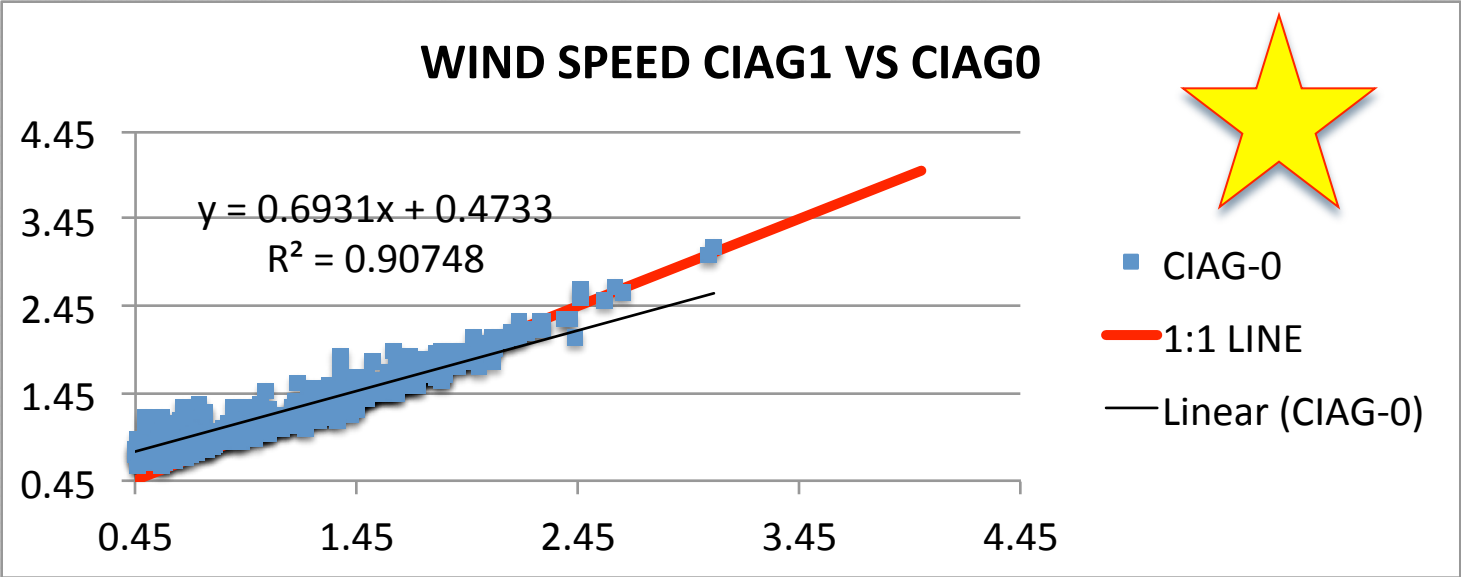


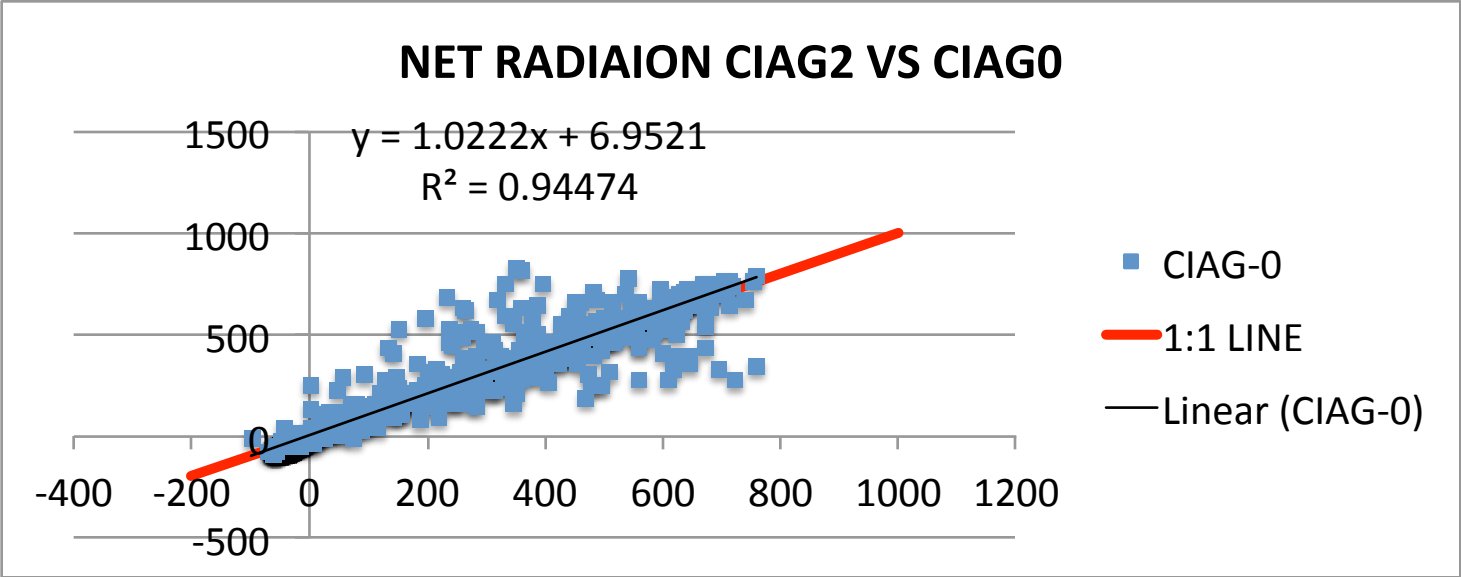
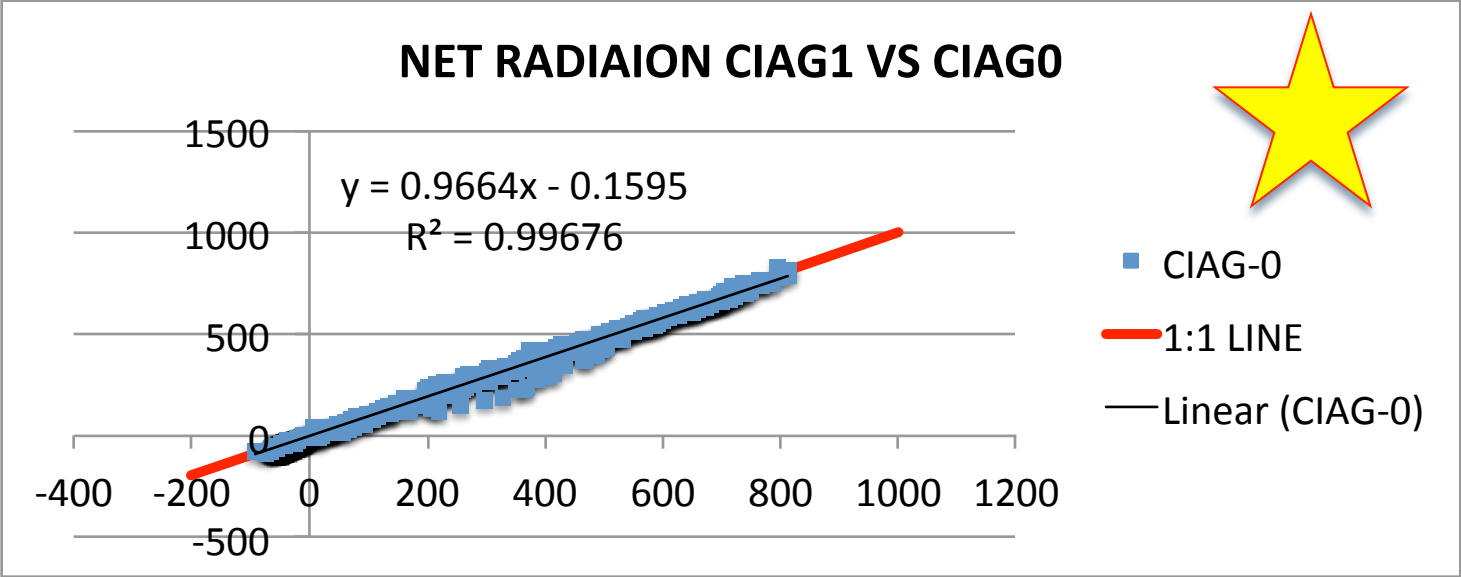
RELATIVE HUMIDITY CIAG1 VS CIAG0



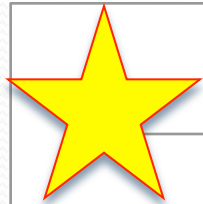
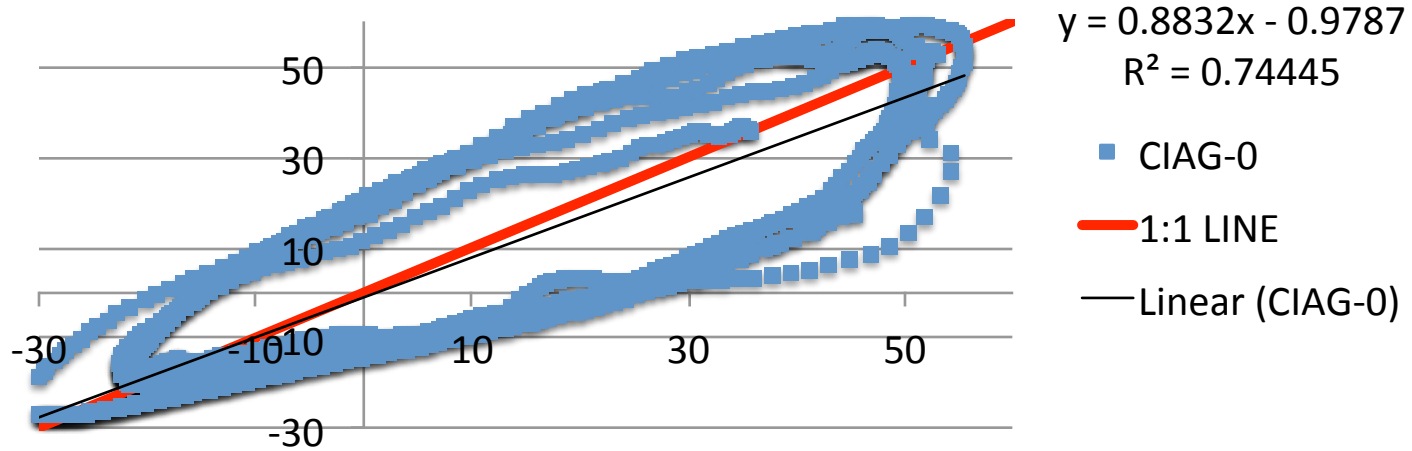
RELATIVE HUMIDITY CIAG2 VS CIAG0



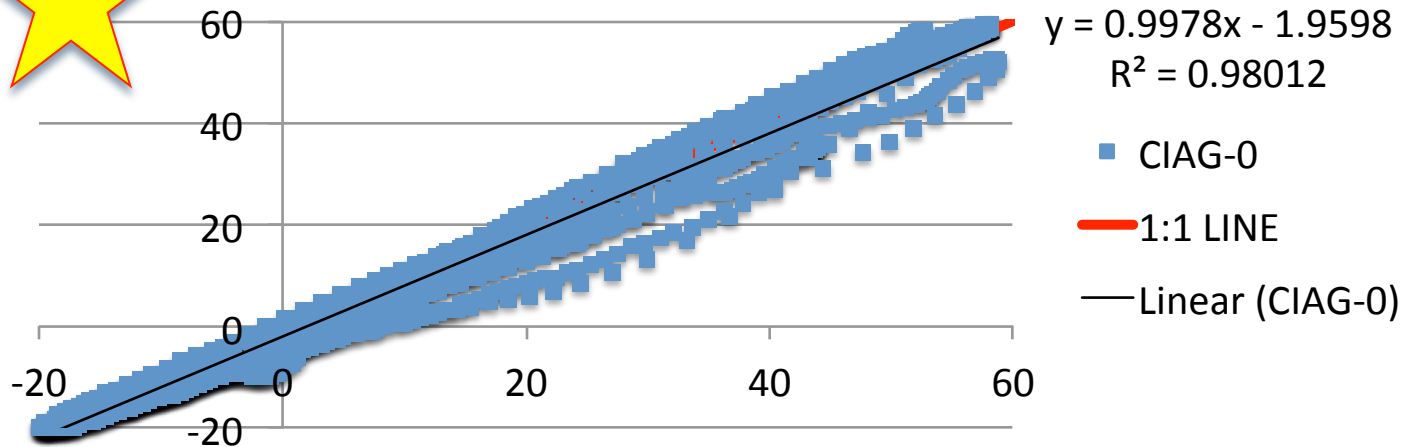




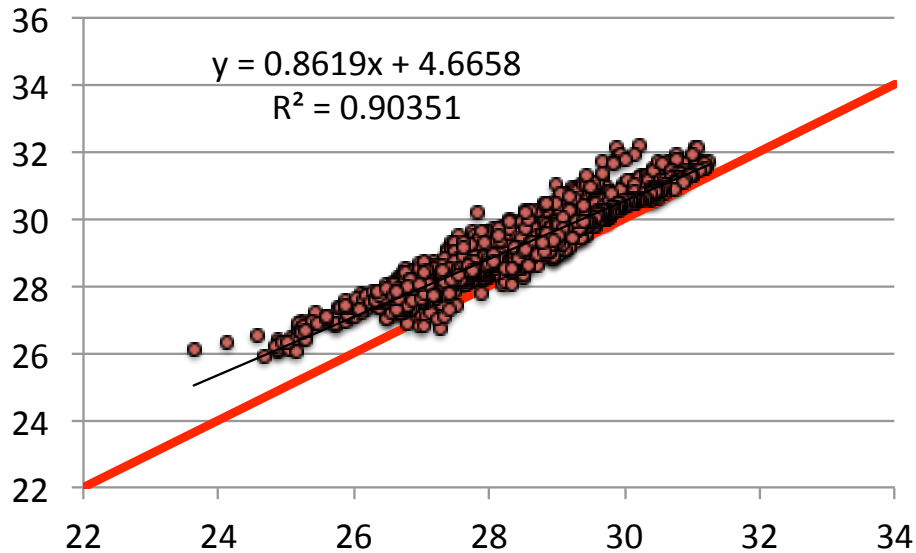
SOIL HEAT FLUX CIAG1 VS CIAG0



SOIL HEAT FLUX CIAG2 VS CIAG0

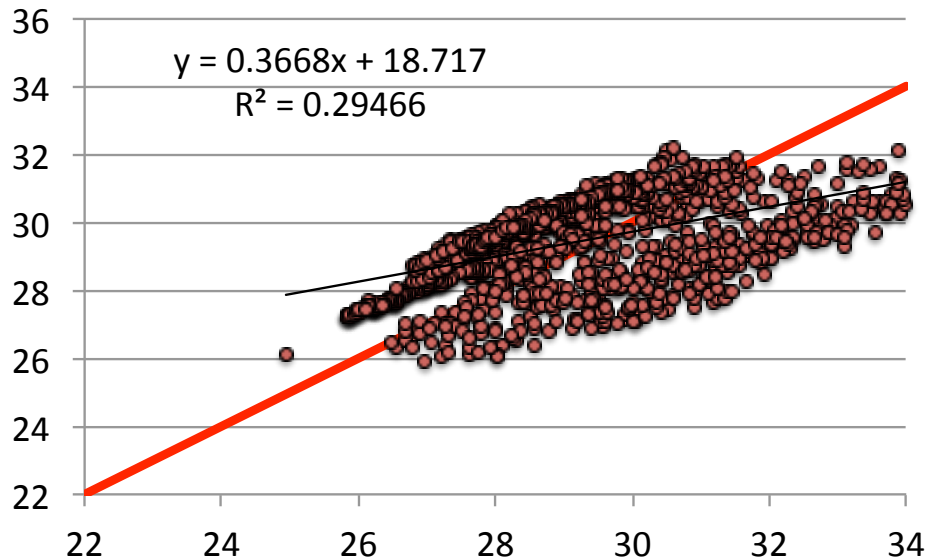


Soil Temperature (C) CIAG1 vs CIAG0

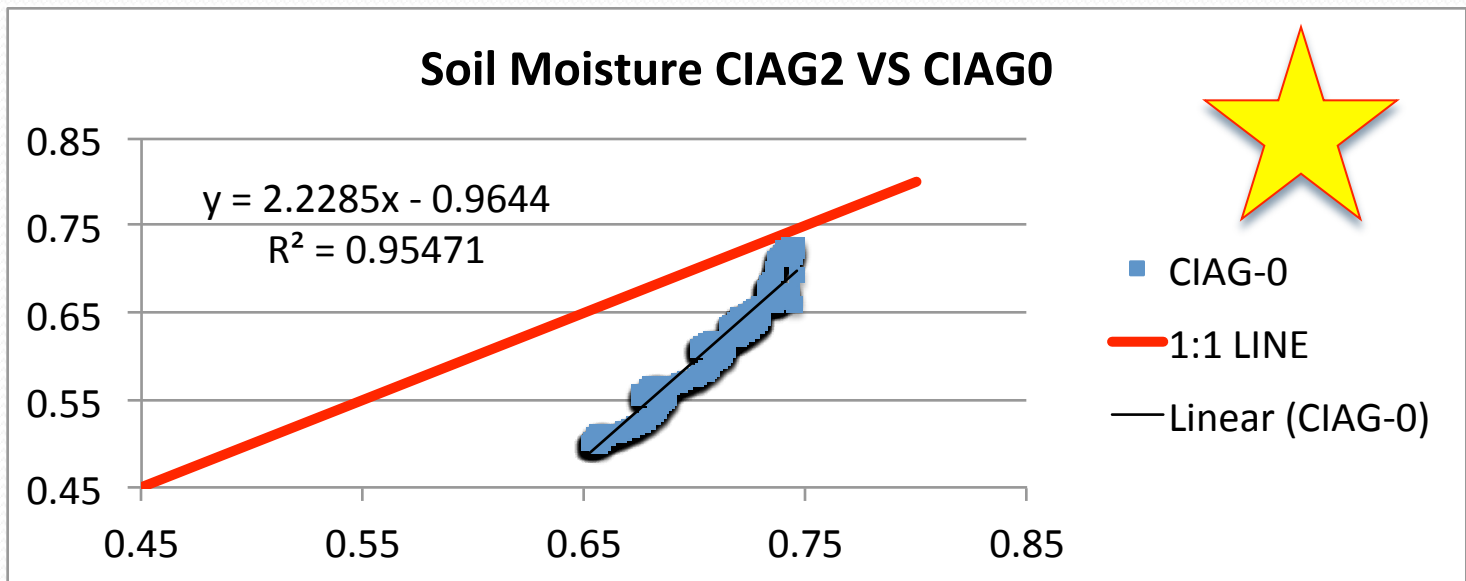
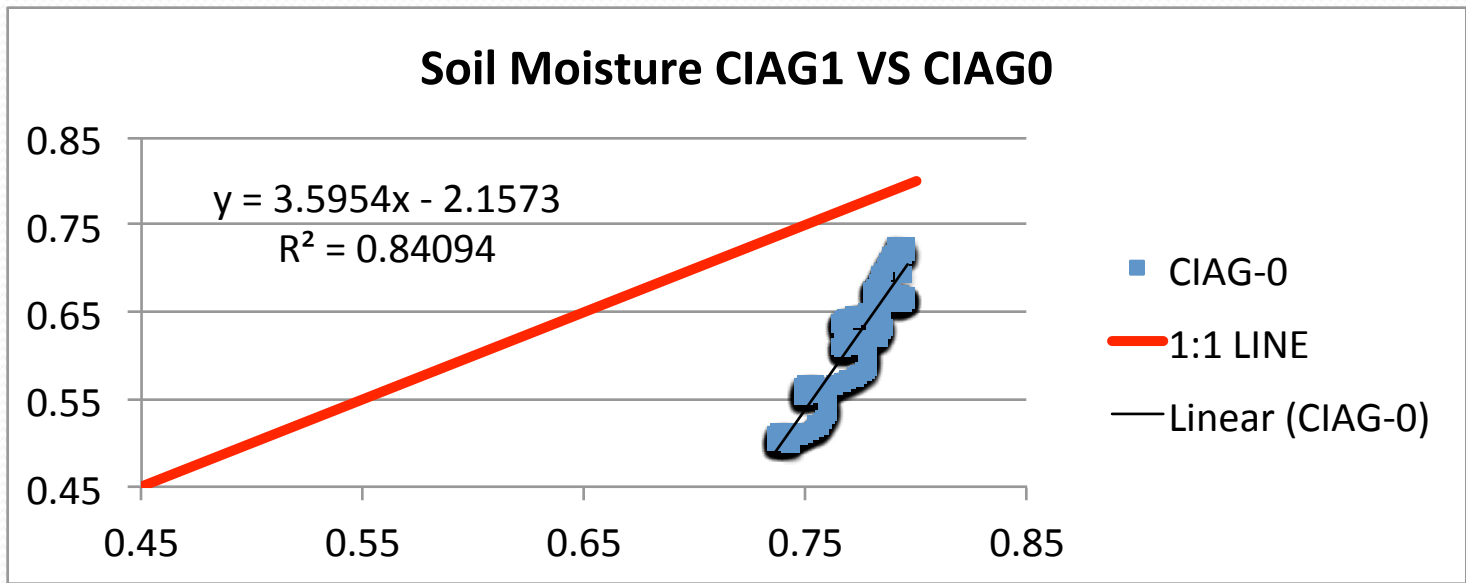


- CIAG-0
- 1:1 LINE
- Linear (CIAG-0)

Soil Temperature (C) CIAG2 vs CIAG0

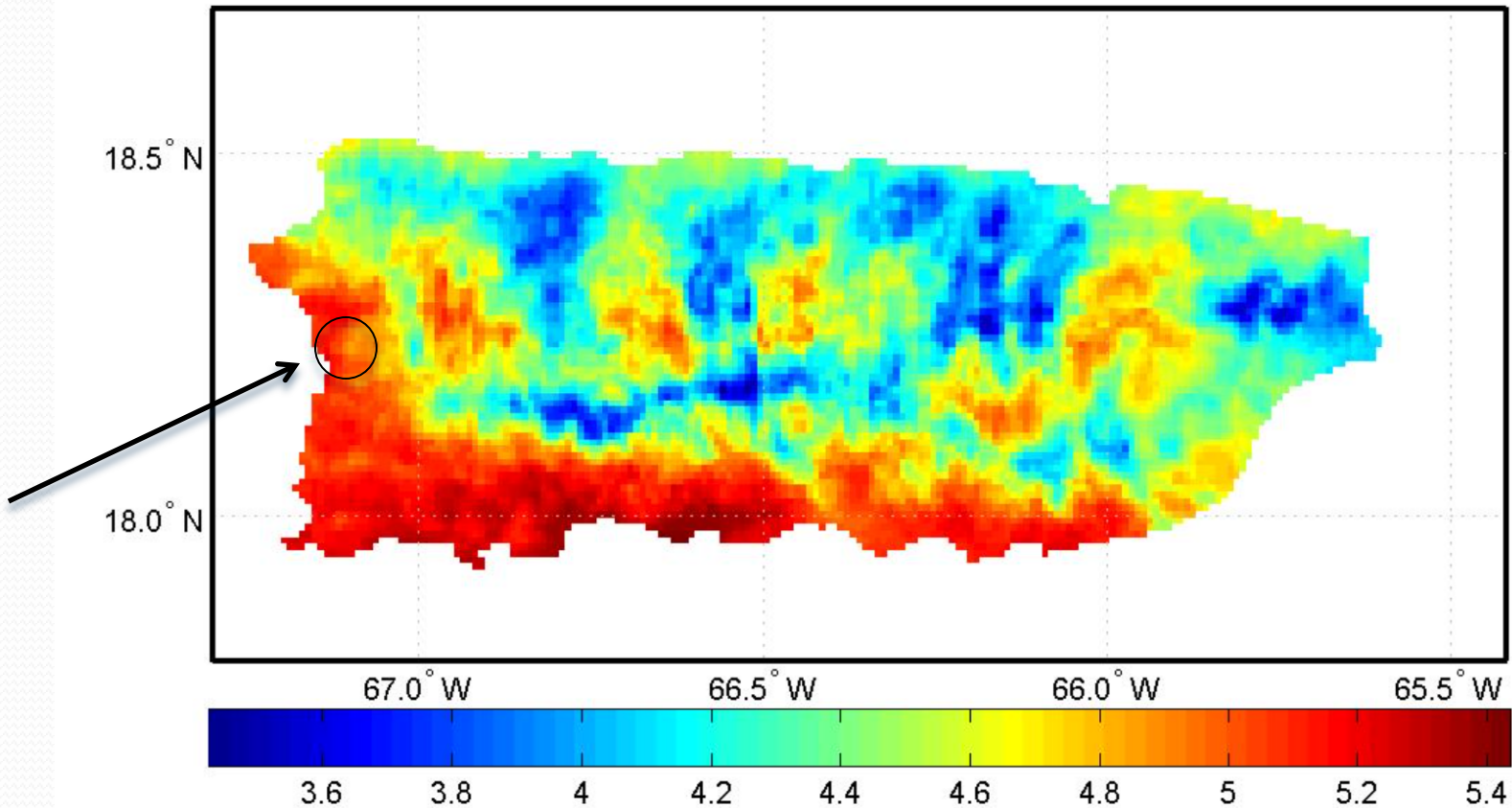


- CIAG-0
- 1:1 LINE
- Linear (CIAG-0)

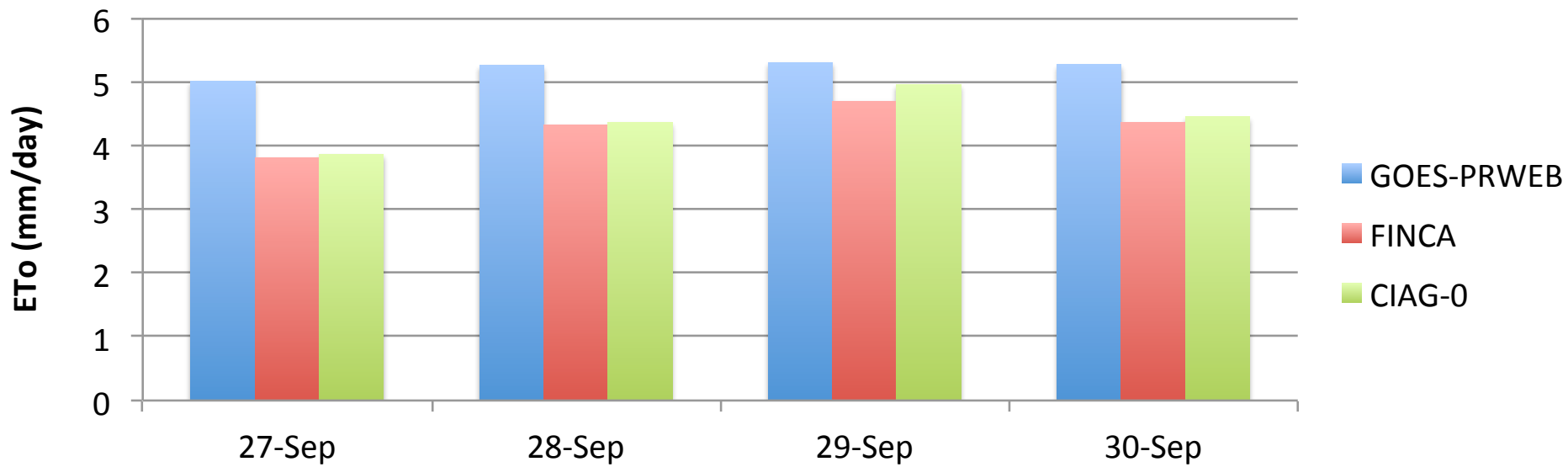


GOES-PRWEB Reference Evapotranspiration

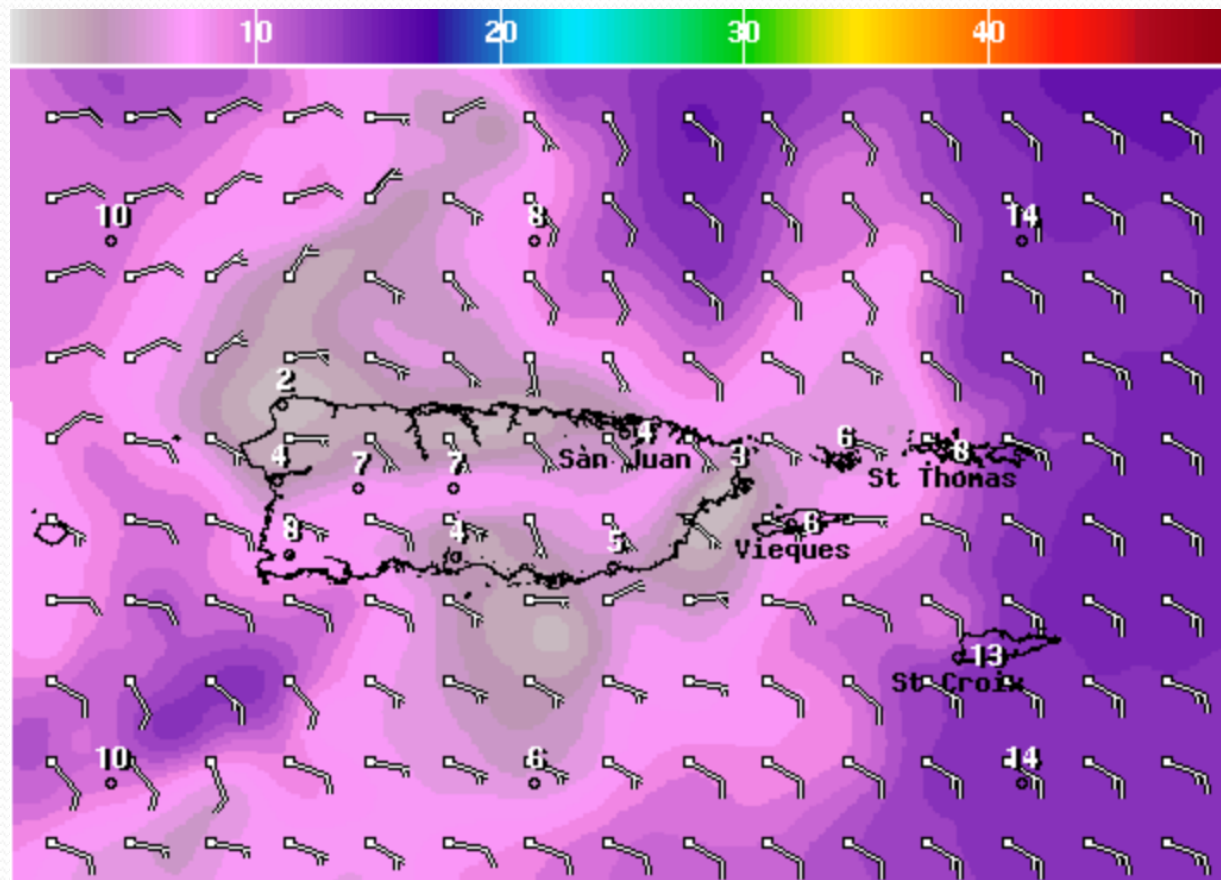
REFERENCE ET (mm) Penman-Monteith 27-Sep-2014



Reference Evapotranspiration ETo (mm) Comparing GOES-PRWEB with CIAG-0 and Finca Azamora Weather Stations With NWS Wind Speed



National Weather Service (NWS) Wind Speed used in GOES-PRWEB



WindSpd(Kts) & WindDir For Wed Nov 05 2014 8AM AST
(Wed Nov 05 2014 12Z)



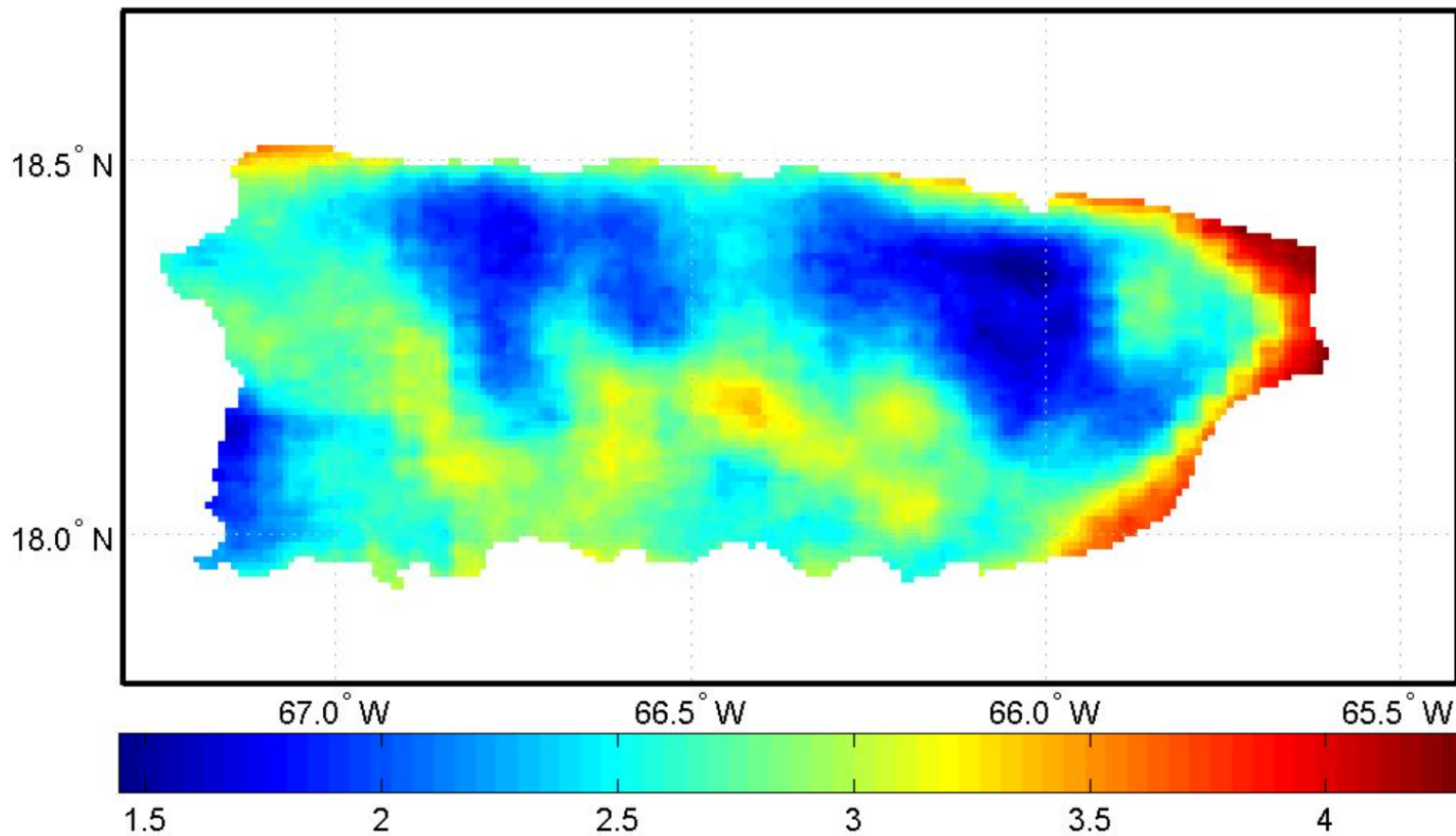
National Digital Forecast Database

02z issuance Graphic created-Nov 04 10:16PM AST

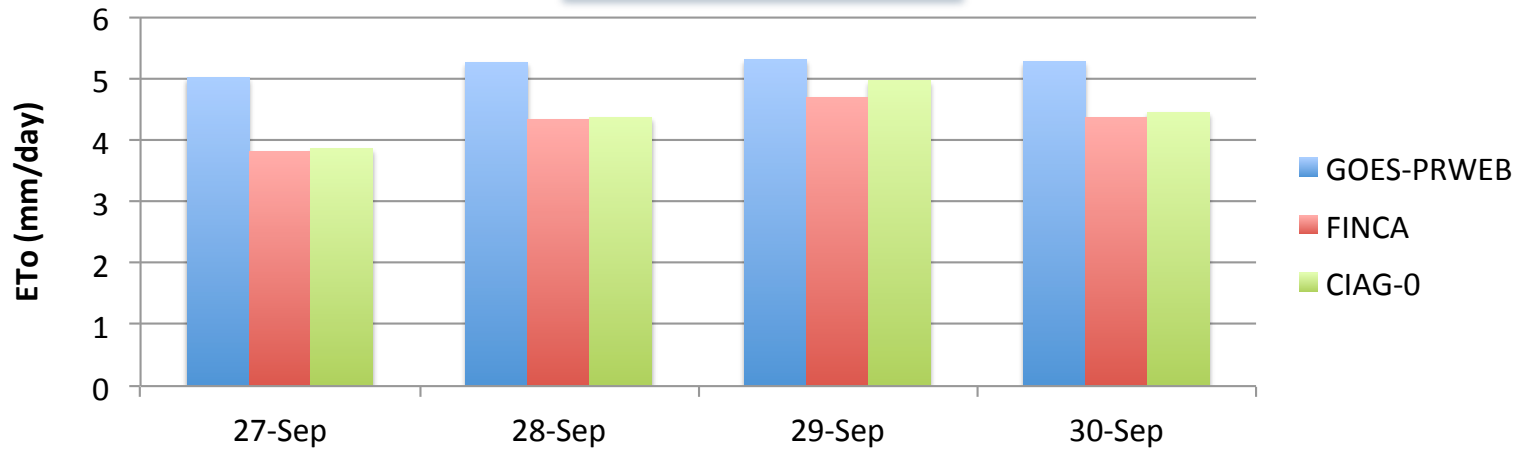


NWS Wind Speed Used in GOES-PRWEB

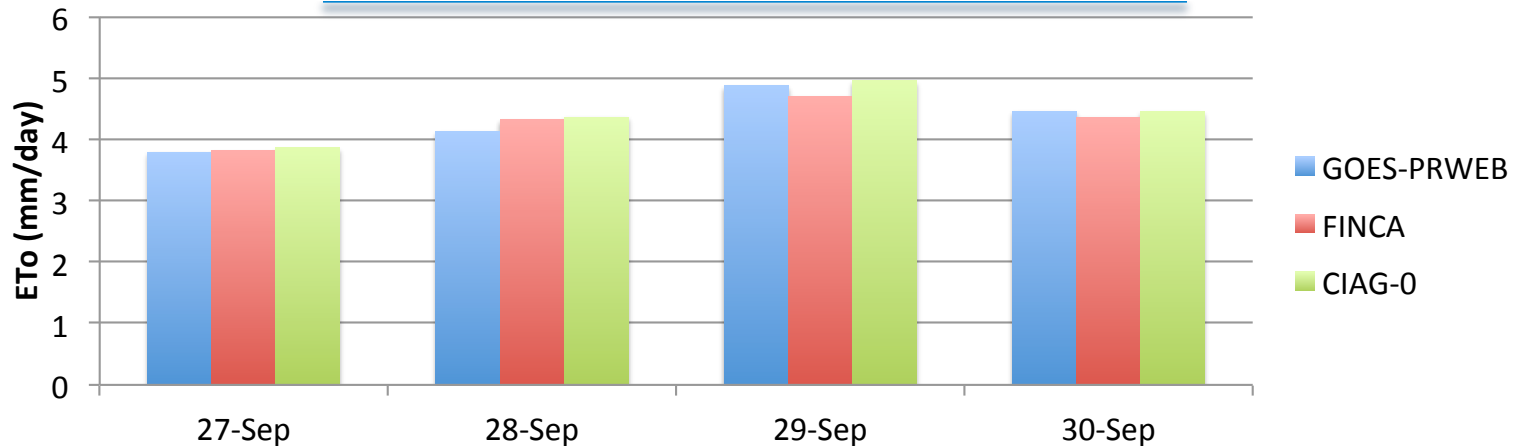
WIND SPEED at 2-m HEIGHT(m/s) 27-Sep-2014



**Reference Evapotranspiration ETo (mm) Comparing GOES-PRWEB with
CIAG-0 and Finca Azamora Weather Stations
With NWS Wind Speed**



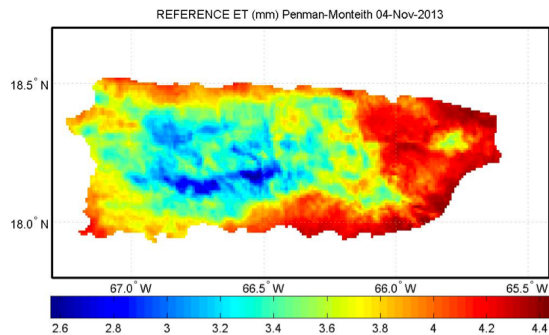
**Reference Evapotranspiration ETo (mm) Comparing GOES-PRWEB with
CIAG-0 and Finca Azamora Weather Stations
With Corrected Wind Speed**



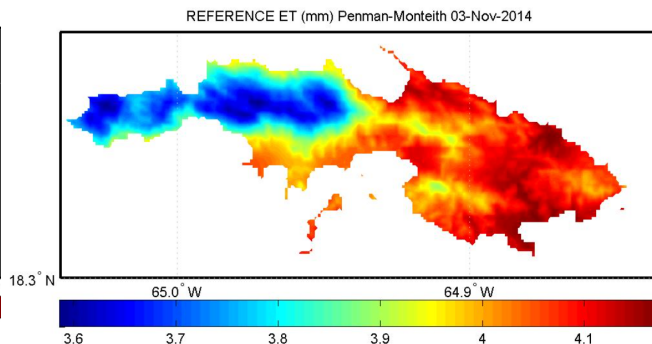
Real-Time and Archived Reference ET for Puerto Rico, USVI, Hispaniola and Jamaica

(<http://pragwater.com>)

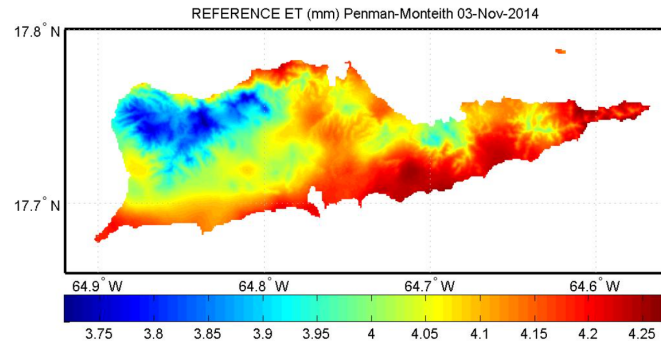
Puerto Rico



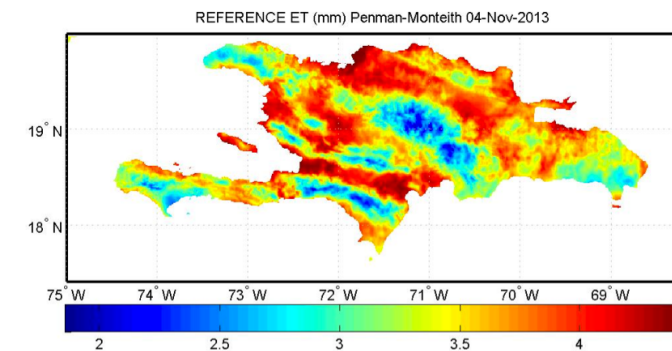
St. Thomas



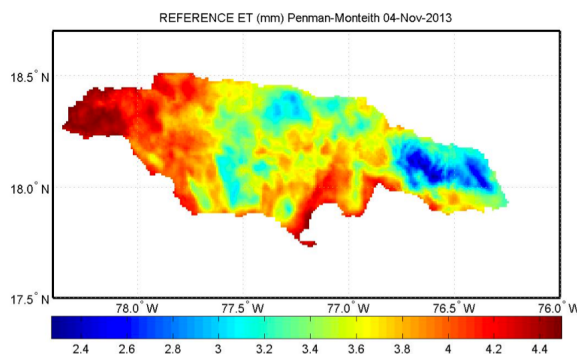
St. Croix



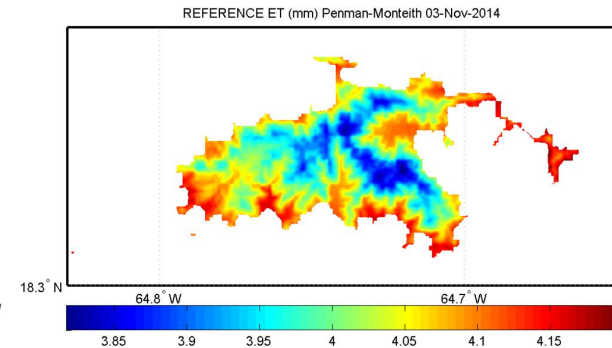
Hispaniola



Jamaica



St. John



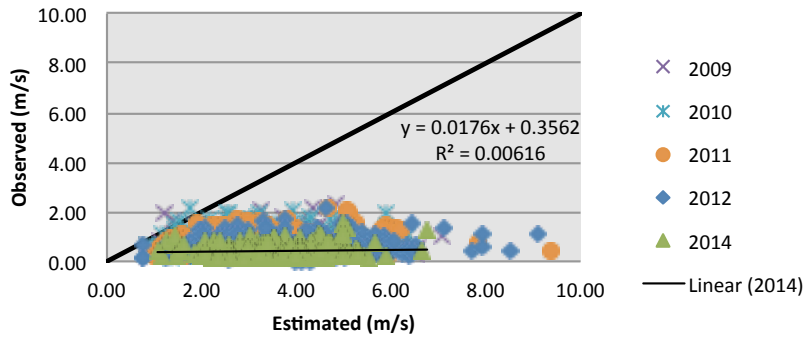
Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) Soil Climate Analysis Network (SCAN) Weather Stations



Comparison of NWS Wind Speed and NRCS SCAN Stations

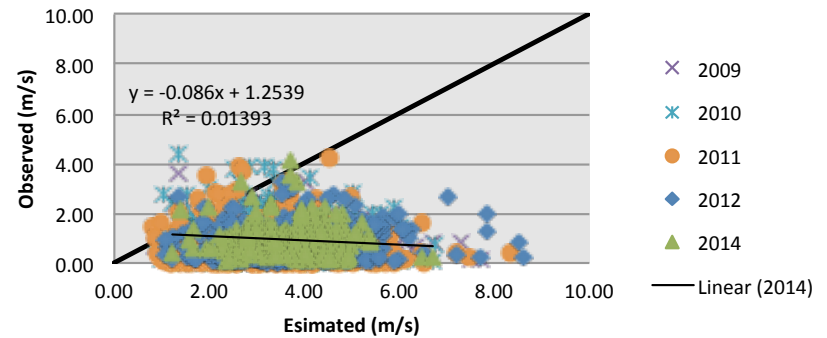
BIAS = 0.18

Maricao Wind Speed Average



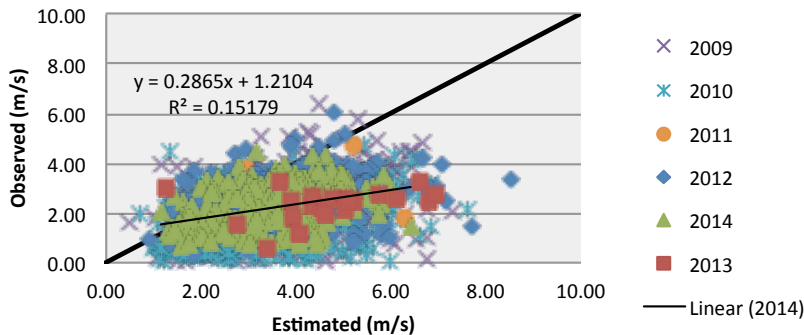
BIAS = 0.24

Guilarte Wind Speed Average



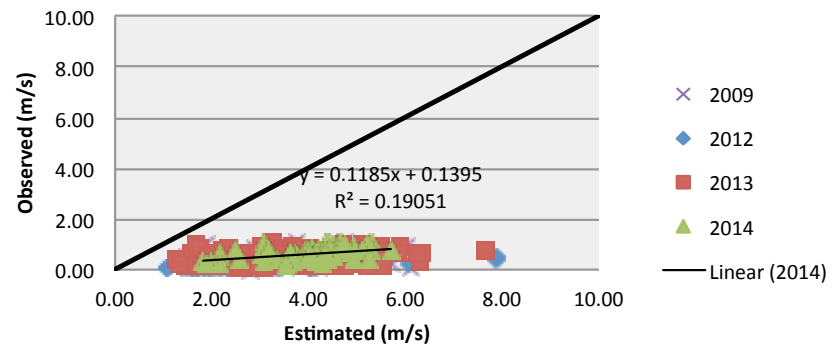
BIAS = 0.60

Isabela Wind Speed Average



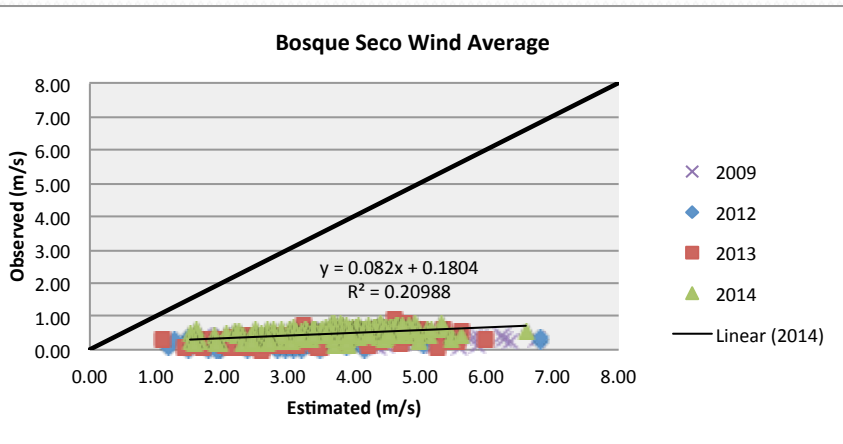
BIAS = 0.11

Combate Wind Speed Average

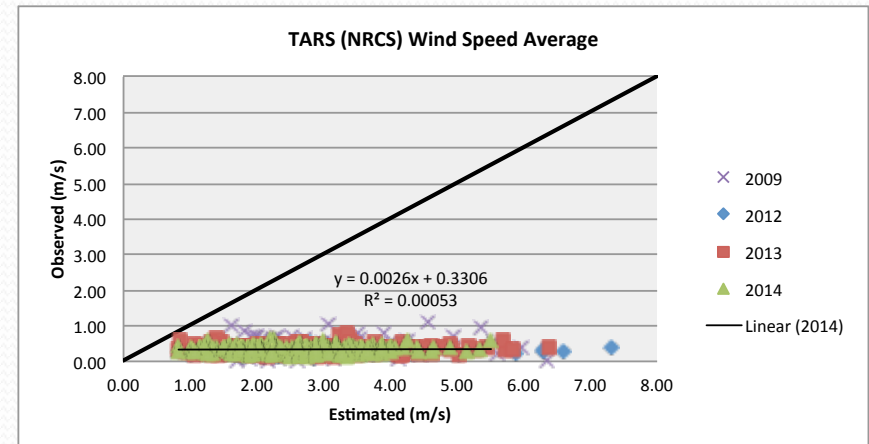


Comparison of NWS Wind Speed and NRCS SCAN Stations

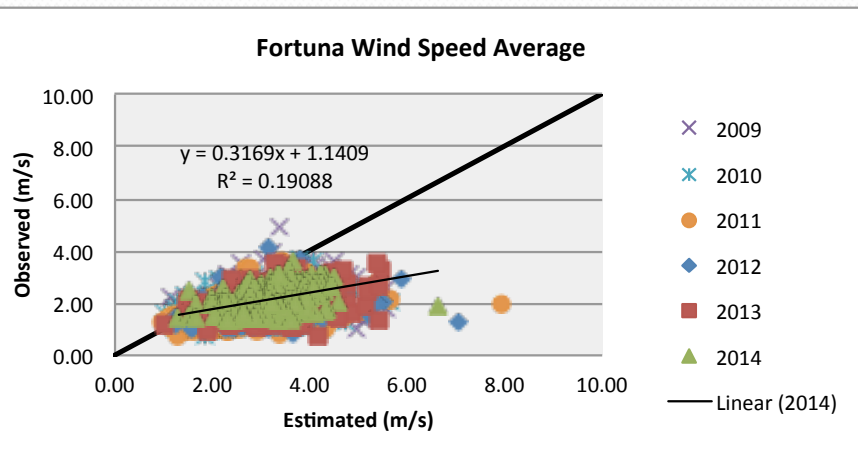
BIAS = 0.09



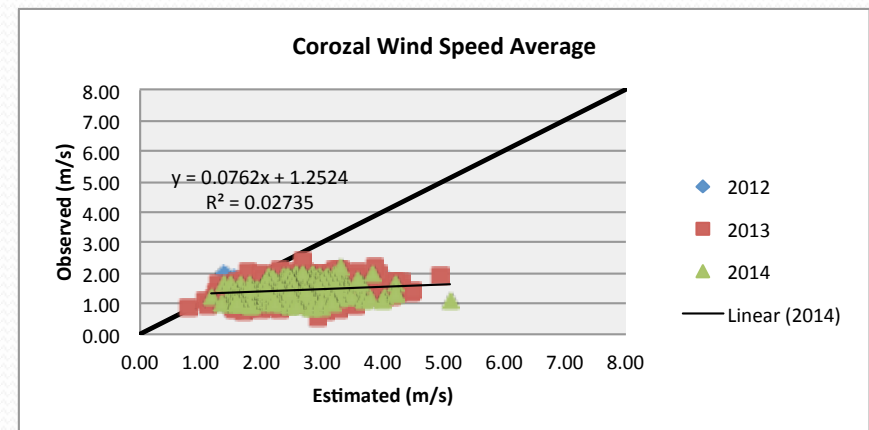
BIAS = 0.12



BIAS = 0.63



BIAS = 0.56

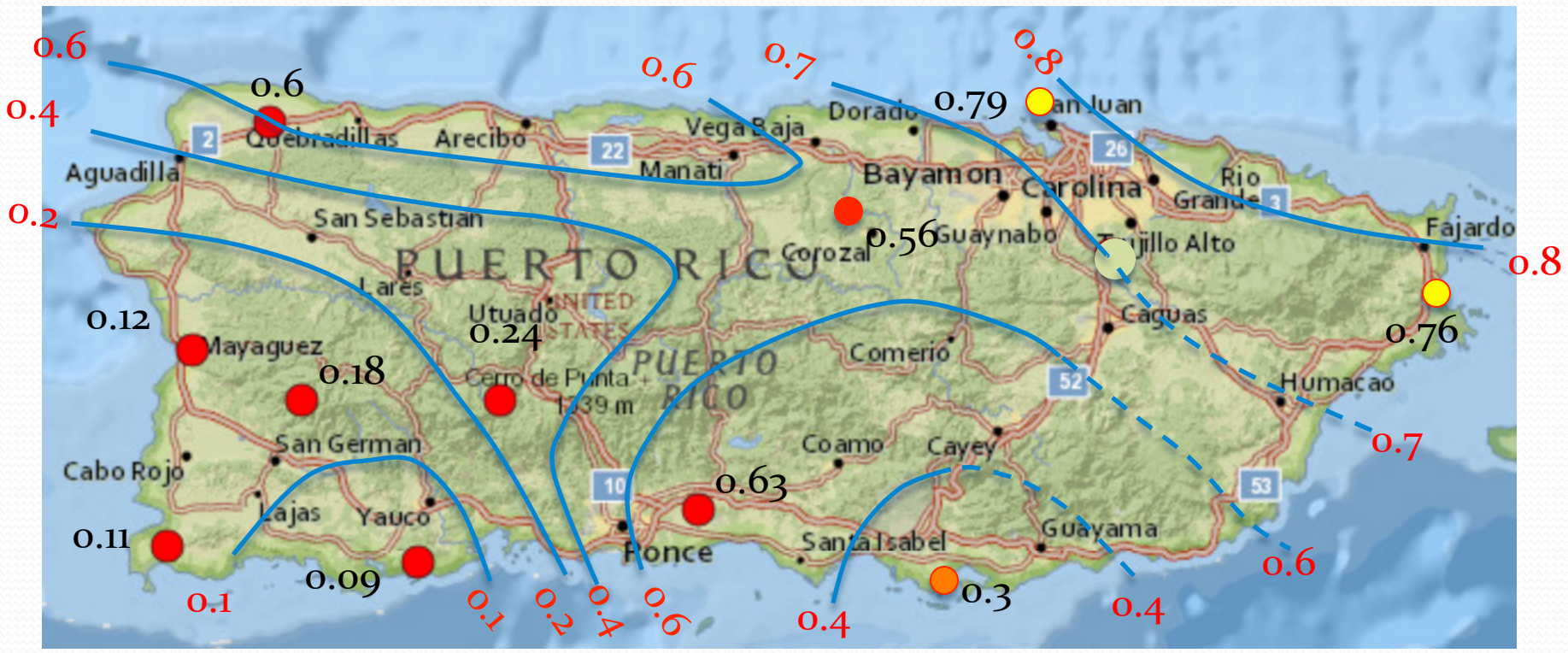


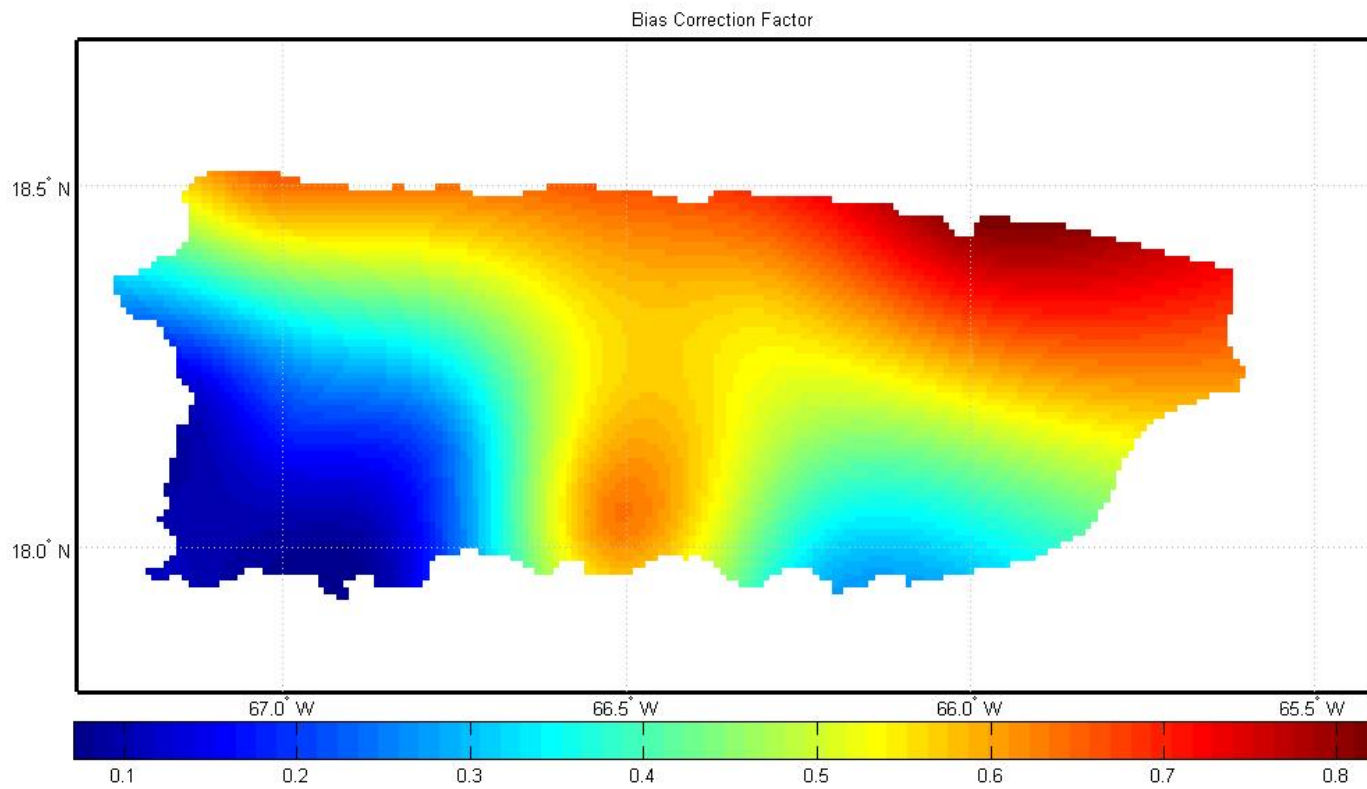
$$\text{BIAS} = \frac{\text{Mean SCAN Weather Station Wind Speed}}{\text{Mean NWS Wind Speed}}$$

- NRCS SCAN Data Pairs Evaluated:
Maricao Forest = 1,740, Guilarte Forest = 1,828,
Isabela = 1,368, Combate = 587, Bosque Seco = 593,
TARS= 1,013, Fortuna = 1,818, Corozal = 752
 - Weather Underground Data Pairs Evaluated:
San Juan = 1095, Roosevelt Roads = 885
 - Jobos Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve = 1,826
- Total Data Pairs = 13,505

WIND SPEED BIAS CORRECTION

- NRCS SCAN
- Weather Underground
- Jobos Bay





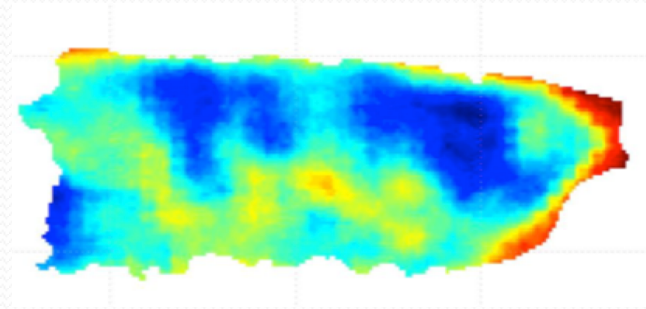
Implementation of the Bias Correction Map

Bias Correction Map



X

NWS Wind Speed



= Improved wind
daily wind speed
estimates

ISABELA SUBSTATION



LAJAS SUBSTATION



Preliminary Conclusions

- The NWS wind product from the National Digital Forecast Database (NDFD) produces unreliable results for Puerto Rico.
- Using the NWS wind speeds cause GOES-PRWEB to overestimate ETo.
- Errors in wind speed were not spatially constant. The largest errors for a five year period occurred in the southwest.
- The FAO recommendation of using the world-wide average wind speed of 2 m/s with the absence of measured data will lead to significant errors in ETo in Puerto Rico.
- Reliable wind speed is needed to obtain reliable estimates of ETo in Puerto Rico.
- A goal of the undergraduate research project is to produce a reliable ETo product by the end of the semester.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENT



- Colegio de Ciencias Agrícolas, Universidad de Puerto Rico



- USDA Hatch Project (H-402)



NOAA+CREST

- NOAA-CREST Project